

PCI Express 16-channel H.264 Encoder  
Model 819  
Linux Software Manual  
Ver.1.0.1 | March 2015

SENSORAY | embedded electronics



Designed and manufactured in the U.S.A

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## Terminology

- channel* video input. Each 819 has 16 input channels. Multiple boards are enumerated contiguously, so that channels are addressed by a single channel number (1-based): board #1 containing channels 1-16, board #2 – channels 17-32, etc.
- stream* output of model 819 in a specific format corresponding to a channel. One channel may produce multiple streams, e.g. H.264 primary and secondary streams with different settings, JPEG stream, alarm stream, etc.
- capture node* a set of streams produced by one or more channels combined to facilitate capture within a single application thread. Each node receives an individual signal from the driver once data is available for any of the attached streams. Depending on the desired application architecture specific streams may be combined into nodes to simplify data processing. For example, one node may combine archived streams and be handled in the archiving thread. Another node may combine streams that are being presented live and be handled by a streaming thread. Extreme cases of one thread per stream or one thread handling all streams are also possible, though may not be practical.

## Limitations

The following data streams are currently *not supported*:

- JPEG;
- audio;
- preview;
- caption.

## Data Types

For complete reference to 819 data types please refer to s819.h.

### ***Captured resolutions***

```
typedef enum {  
    RES_QCIF = 0,  
    RES_CIF,  
    RES_D1,  
    RES_MAX,           //for array sizing only  
} S819_RESOLUTION;
```

	NTSC	PAL
RES_QCIF	176x120	176x144
RES_CIF	352x240	352x288
RES_D1	720x480	720x576

### **TV standards**

```
typedef enum {
    TVS_PAL,
    TVS_NTSC,
    TVS_MAX,          //for array sizing
} S819_TVSTANDARD;
```

### **Interlacing**

```
typedef enum {
    MODE_INTERLACE = 0,
    MODE_PROGRESSIVE,
    MODE_MAX,          //for array sizing
} S819_INTERLACE;
```

Currently the only supported value is MODE\_INTERLACE.

### **Bitrate control mode**

```
typedef enum {
    BITRATE_H264_NO_RC,    //No rate control
    BITRATE_H264_CBR,     //constant bitrate
    BITRATE_H264_VBR,     //variable bitrate
    BITRATE_MAX,          //for array sizing only
} S819_BR_CTRL;
```

BITRATE\_H264\_NO\_RC – no bitrate control. Actual bitrate depends on video contents.

BITRATE\_H264\_CBR – constant bitrate. Encoder makes best effort to keep bitrate constant regardless of video contents.

BITRATE\_H264\_VBR – variable bitrate. Output bitrate varies, but does not exceed the set value.

### **Capture mode**

```
typedef struct {
    S819_TVSTANDARD    tvs;
    int                bright;
    int                contrast;
    int                saturation;
}
```

```

    int                hue;
    int                sharpness;
} CHAN_MODE;

```

*bright* brightness control. Valid values: -128 to 127. Default 0.

*contrast* contrast control. Valid values: 0 to 255. Default 0x64. Adjustment rate – 1% per step.

*saturation* saturation. The range of adjustment is 0 to 200%. Default value of 0x80 corresponds to 100%.

*hue* color hue (for NTSC input only). Range: -128 to 127. Default 0. Two lower bits have no effect. Positive values increase greenish tones, negative – purplish.

*sharpness* controls sharpness enhancement of video. Valid values are 0 (no enhancement) to 15 (most enhancement).

### **Stream mode**

```

typedef struct {
    S819_RESOLUTION    resolution;
    int                fps;
    S819_INTERLACE     interlace;
    int                gopSize;
    S819_BR_CTRL       brCtrl;
    int                bitrate;
} STREAM_MODE;

```

*resolution* resolution of the captured stream.

*fps* capture rate (frames per second). Range: 1-25 (PAL), 1-30 (NTSC) in 1 fps increments. This parameter does not affect JPEG capture rate, which is fixed at 2 fps.

*interlace* interlacing mode.

*gopSize* GOP size. 1 to 256, default 60. Irrelevant for JPEG stream.

*brCtrl* Bitrate control mode. Irrelevant for JPEG stream.

*bitrate* Requested bitrate (in bits per second). Please refer to s819.h for allowed ranges. Irrelevant for JPEG stream, JPEG quality is fixed.

### **Stream type**

```

typedef enum {
    STREAM_H264_PRI = 0,
    STREAM_H264_SEC,
    STREAM_JPEG,
    STREAM_YUV,
    STREAM_AUDIO,
    STREAM_ALARM,
    STREAM_CAPTION,
    STREAM_MAX
} S819_STREAM_TYPE;

```

*STREAM\_H264\_PRI* primary H.264 stream.  
*STREAM\_H264\_SEC* secondary H.264 stream. Resolution must be lower than that of the primary stream.  
*STREAM\_JPEG* JPEG stream.  
*STREAM\_YUV* preview stream.  
*STREAM\_AUDIO* audio stream.  
*STREAM\_ALARM* alarm stream.  
*STREAM\_CAPTION* caption (on-screen display, OSD) stream (input).

### **Capture channel**

```
typedef struct {
    int          ctrl;
} CONTROL;
```

Reserved.

```
typedef struct {
    CHAN_MODE          cMode; //channel capture mode
    STREAM_MODE        psMode; //primary H.264 stream
    STREAM_MODE        ssMode; //secondary H.264 stream
    STREAM_MODE        jsMode; //JPEG stream
    STREAM_MODE        vsMode; //preview stream
    STREAM_MODE        asMode; //audio stream
    STREAM_MODE        lsMode; //alarm stream
    STREAM_MODE        csMode; //caption stream (in)
    CONTROL            ctrl; //reserved
} S819_CHAN;
```

*cMode* channel capture mode. Applies to all streams captured from a channel.  
*psMode* primary H.264 stream mode.  
*ssMode* secondary H.264 stream mode.  
*jsMode* JPEG stream mode.  
*vsMode* preview stream mode.  
*asMode* audio stream mode.  
*lsMode* alarm stream mode.  
*csMode* caption stream mode.  
*control* reserved.

### **Capture buffer**

```
typedef enum {
```

```

    H264_PSLICE      = 1,
    H264_ISLICE     = 5,
    H264_IDRSLICE   = 6,
    H264_SPS        = 7,
    H264_PPS        = 8
} SLICE_TYPE;

typedef enum {
    ALARM_VIDEO_LOST = 0x01,
    ALARM_NIGHT      = 0x02,
    ALARM_BLIND      = 0x04,
    ALARM_STDCHG     = 0x08,
    ALARM_MV         = 0x10
} ALARM_TYPE;

typedef union {
    SLICE_TYPE      slice;
    ALARM_TYPE      atype;
} S819_SUBTYPE;

typedef struct {
    int              chan;
    S819_STREAM_TYPE stream;
    S819_SUBTYPE     subtype;
    char             *buf;
    int              length;
    unsigned int     frm;
    unsigned int     pts;
    void             *rsv;
} BUFFER;

```

*chan* channel number, 1 through maximum available channels based on the number of boards detected, but no more than 64.

*stream* type of stream captured into buffer.

*subtype* stream subtype

*buf* pointer to buffer data.

*length* length of valid data currently in buffer, bytes.

*frm* frame number (H.264, JPEG streams).

*pts* time stamp (H.264, JPEG streams).

*rsv* Reserved.

`S819_SUBTYPE` provides additional information about the streams depending on stream's type. For H.264 streams it is current slice type, for alarm stream it is alarm type. Application should first determine the stream type using `.stream`, then use `.subtype` based on context.

## ***Miscellaneous types***

```
typedef int      ECODE;           //error code
typedef void     *HCNODE;        //capture node handle
```



## SDK Functions

All functions returning an error code (type ECODE) return ECODE\_OK, if success. Any other value indicates an error.

### ***S819\_Enumerate***

```
ECODE S819_Enumerate (int *nChans)
```

Enumerates existing 819 boards and sets *nChans* to the number of available capture channels. This function needs to be called before any other SDK function.

### ***S819\_SetMode***

```
ECODE S819_SetMode (int chan, S819_CHAN *s819chan)
```

If the argument *chan* is between 1 and the number of channels detected by *S819\_Enumerate*, the function sets capture mode for a specified channel (*chan*) based on the values set in *s819chan*. If *chan* = 0 the structure pointed to by *s819chan* is filled with default values.

### ***S819\_CreateCnode***

```
HCNODE S819_CreateCnode (void)
```

Creates a new empty capture node. Streams are attached to a node by using *S819\_AttachStreams* function.

Returns: a capture node handle or NULL in case of an error.

### ***S819\_DeleteCnode***

```
void S819_DeleteCnode (HCNODE hCnode)
```

Deletes a capture node.

### ***S819\_AttachStreams***

```
ECODE S819_AttachStreams (HCNODE hCnode, int chan, int streams)
```

Attaches stream(s) produced by a selected channel to a capture node.

*hCnode* a valid capture node handle.

*chan* selected channel number (1-based).

*streams* streams bitmask. To select a stream, set a bit of the parameter *streams* to 1 by using an SMASK macro. For example,

```
streams = SMASK(STREAM_H264_PRI); or  
streams = SMASK(STREAM_H264_PRI) | SMASK(STREAM_H264_SEC);
```

### **S819\_StartStreams**

```
ECODE S819_StartStreams (HCNODE hCnode, int chan, int streams)
```

Starts capture of a combination of streams attached to a capture node. Other streams that may be attached to the same capture node are not affected.

*hCnode* a valid capture node handle.

*chan* selected channel number (1-based).

*streams* streams bitmask corresponding to desired stream combination. To select a stream, set a bit of the parameter *streams* to 1 by using an SMASK macro. For example,

```
streams = SMASK(STREAM_H264_PRI); or
```

```
streams = SMASK(STREAM_H264_PRI) | SMASK(STREAM_H264_SEC);
```

### **S819\_StopStreams**

```
ECODE S819_StopStreams (HCNODE hCnode, int chan, int streams)
```

Stops capture of a combination of streams attached to a capture node. Other streams that may be attached to the same capture node are not affected.

*hCnode* a valid capture node handle.

*chan* selected channel number (1-based).

*streams* streams bitmask corresponding to desired stream combination. To select a stream, set a bit of the parameter *streams* to 1 by using an SMASK macro.

### **S819\_StartAll**

```
ECODE S819_StartAll (HCNODE hCnode)
```

Starts capture of all streams attached to a selected capture node.

### **S819\_WaitBuffer**

```
ECODE S819_WaitBuffer (HCNODE hCnode, BUFFER *buffer)
```

A blocking function that waits for data to become available for a selected capture node. The function times out if the data is not ready in 5 seconds and returns an error code. If the data is available the function fills in the structure pointed to by *buffer* with data parameters. A buffer needs to be returned back to the driver by calling `S819_ReleaseBuffer`.

### **S819\_ReleaseBuffer**

ECODE S819\_ReleaseBuffer (BUFFER \*buf)

Returns a buffer to the driver. It is essential to call this function after the data has been handled by the application. Once the buffer is released members of the \*buf become invalid.

### **S819\_Close**

void S819\_Close (void)

SDK cleanup. Must be called before an application terminates. Must be the last call to the SDK.

### **S819\_SetXPSwitch**

ECODE S819\_SetXPSwitch (int brd, int inp, int out)

Controls output video crosspoint switch. Connects selected input to selected output.

*brd* board index (0-based).  
*inp* selected input channel number (1-16).  
*out* selected output (0-3).

### **S819\_SetXPOut**

ECODE S819\_SetXPOut (int brd, int mask)

Enables/disables outputs of video crosspoint switch. This allows connecting outputs of multiple boards together and enabling one of them at a time.

*brd* board index (0-based).  
*mask* bits 0-3 control outputs 0-3 (1 – enabled, 0 – disabled).

## **Demo application**

A simple demo application (common819) is provided to illustrate the use of the SDK. The source file (common819.c) is included. The application allows capture of multiple H.264 streams and JPEG frames from any number of available channels. The H.264 data from each stream/channel is written into a separate file. The files are of a fixed size, so once the end of the file is reached the recording continues from the start of the file. This allows execution of the demo for an indefinite period of time without running out of the disk space. The JPEG files are captured at a low rate, overwriting the old data for each channel.

## SDK Installation

1. Decompress the archive.
2. Change directory to the top level of the SDK.
3. Run “make”. That makes the driver and the demo application. The 819 SDK is distributed in the form of a library, libs819.a.
4. Run “sudo make load” to load the driver.
5. To run the demo application change directory to /s819/common819, run “sudo ./common819”.

## Release History and Notes

SDK Release	Notes
Ver.1.0.1, March 2015	“Limitations” section added.
Ver.1.0.0, July 2013	Initial release. The following SDK features are not supported: <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Audio capture.</li><li>2. Preview stream.</li><li>3. Caption (OSD) stream.</li></ol>